## Quantitative Aptitude Sunday Mega Quiz for RRB NTPC

Q1. The ratio of Manish's salary to Amit's salary is $3: 7$. The ratio of Payal's salary to Amit's salary is $2: 5$. If total income of all the three is $\mathbf{1 2 0 0 0}$. Then the difference between the salary of Manish \& Amit is ?
(a) 3150
(b) 3750
(c) 3850
(d) 3350

Q2. The sum of the present ages of Dharmendra and Amitabh is 65 years. Ten years ago their ages were in the ratio $7: 2$. What will be the ratio of their ages 12 years hence?
(a) $59 / 37$
(b) $57 / 37$
(c) $56 / 37$
(d) $37 / 57$

Q3. Out of 3750 villagers in a village, the ratio of number of adults and number of minors is $7: 3$. Find the number of girl children, if the ratio of minor boys to minor girls is $10: 5$ ?
(a) 365
(b) 315
(c) 375
(d) 345

Q4. A box contains 50p, 25p \& 10p coins in the ratio $2: 4$ : 5 , amounting to 220 Rs. Find the total number of coins of 50 p \& 25p ?
(a) 516
(b) 517
(c) 528
(d) 520
(a) $7 / 5$
(b) $5 / 4$
(c) $9 / 4$
(d) $10 / 9$

Q6. The number of male politician to the number of female politician in parliament is $7: 8$. If percentage increase in the number of male politician and number of female politician be $20 \%$ and $10 \%$ respectively, what will be the new ratio?
(a) $21 / 22$
(b) $23 / 22$
(c) $22 / 21$
(d) $25 / 21$

Q7. Ratio of income of Amar and Akbar is 4:7. If income of Amar increases by $50 \%$ and those of Akbar decreases by $25 \%$, the new income ratio incomes $8: 7$. What is the income of Amar ?
(a) Rs. 21000
(b) Rs 26000
(c) Rs 23000
(d) Data Inadequate

Q8. If Rs 565 is divided into three parts, proportional to $\frac{1}{3}: \frac{3}{4}: \frac{4}{5}$, then the second part is?
(a) 215
(b) 205
(c) 225
(d) 235

Q9. If $A: B=2: 3, B: C=4: 5, C: D=6: 7$. Find $A: B: C: D$.
(a) $14: 24: 30: 29$
(b) $15: 24: 30: 31$
(c) $10: 24: 20: 35$
(d) $16: 24: 30: 35$

Q10. In a mixture of two types of oils $O_{1} \& O_{2}$ the ratio $O_{1}: O_{2}$ is $3: 2$. If the cost of oil $0_{1}$ is Rs. $4 / \mathrm{L}$ and that of oil $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ is Rs. 9/L. Then find the cost of Resulting mixture
(a) Rs. 5
(b) Rs. 6
(c) Rs. 7
(d) Rs. 9

Q11. A businessman allows a discount of $10 \%$ on the market price. What percent above the cost price must he mark his goods to make a profit of $17 \%$ ?
(a) $20 \%$
(b) $27 \%$
(c) $18 \%$
(d) $30 \%$

Q12. A can do a piece of work in 4 days and B can do it in 12 days. In how many days will they finish the work, both working together?
(a) 3 days
(b) 4 days
(c) 6 days
(d) 2 days

Q13. A can do $1 / 4$ of a work in 10 days. $B$ can do $1 / 3$ of the work in 20 days. In how many days can both $A$ and $B$ together do the work?
(a) 25 days
(b) 30 days
(c) 32 days
(d) 24 days

Q14. A circular wire of diameter 112 cm is cut and bent in the form of a rectangle whose side are in the ratio of $9: 7$. The small side of the rectangle is
(a) 87 cm
(b) 77 cm
(c) 97 cm
(d) 67 cm

Q15. The cost price of a table is Rs. 3,200 . A merchant wants to make $25 \%$ profit by selling it. At the time of sale he declares a discount of $20 \%$ on the marked price. The marked price (in Rs.) is
(a) Rs. 4,500
(b) Rs. 5,000
(c) Rs. 6,000
(d) Rs. 4,000

Q16. A train travelling at a speed of $55 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$., travels from place $X$ to place $Y$ in 4 hours. If its speed is increased by $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. then the time of journey is reduced by
(a) 30 min
(b) 25 min
(c) 35 min
(d) 20 min

Q17. In what time will Rs. 8,000, at 3\% per annum, produce the same interest as Rs. 6,000 does in 5 years at 4\% simple interest?
(a) 4 years
(b) 5 years
(c) 6 years
(d) 3 years

Q18. The value of $\frac{(243)^{\frac{n}{5}} \times 3^{2 n+1}}{9^{n} \times 3^{n-1}}$ is
(a) 12
(b) 3
(c) 9
(d) 6


Q19. The average of 50 numbers is 38 . If two numbers, namely 45 and 55 are discarded, the average of the remaining numbers is
(a) 37.0
(b) 37.5
(c) 37.9
(d) 36.5

Q20.
If $x \sin ^{2} 60^{\circ}-\frac{3}{2} \sec 60^{\circ} \tan ^{2} 30^{\circ}+\frac{4}{5} \sin ^{2}$
$45^{\circ} \tan ^{2} 60^{\circ}=0$ then $x$ is
(a) -2
(b) $-\frac{1}{15}$
(c) -4
(d) $-\frac{4}{15}$

Q21. Rs 730 were divided among A, B, C in such a way that if $A$ gets Rs 3 then $B$ gets Rs 4 and if $B$ gets Rs 3.50 then $C$ gets Rs 3 . The share of $B$ exceeds that of $C$ by
(a) Rs 30
(b) Rs 40
(c) Rs 70
(d) Rs 210

Q22. The compound ratio of the inverse ratios of the ratios $x: y z, y: z x, z: x y$ is:
(a) $1: x y z$
(b) $x y z: 1$
(c) $1: 1$
(d) $x: y z$

Q23. Rs. 2420 were divided among $A, B, C$, so that $A: B=5: 4$ and $B: C=9: 10$ then $C$ gets
(a) 680
(b) 800
(c) 900
(d) 950

Q24. 49 kg of blended tea contain Assam and Darjeeling tea in the ratio 5:2 then the quantity of Darjeeling tea is to be added to the mixture to make the ratio of Assam to Darjeeling tea $2: 1$ is
(a) 4.5 kg
(b) 3.5 kg
(c) 5 kg
(d) 6 kg

Q25. Among 132 examinees of a certain school, the ratio of successful to unsuccessful students is $9: 2$, Had 4 more students passed, then the ratio of successful to unsuccessful students will be
(a) $14: 3$
(b) $14: 5$
(c) $28: 3$
(d) $28: 5$

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