

Quant Mega Quiz for SSC Tier - 1 (Solutions)

S1. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$m^2 - n^2 = (m - n) (m + n)$$

Since $(m - n)$ is an even number, $(m + n)$ will also be an even number.

We know that product of two even numbers will always be divisible by 4.

$$[(m - n) \times (m + n) = (2 \times 2) (...) = 4 (...)]$$

S2. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Let the numbers be x and y .

$$x + y = 7a$$

$$x - y = a$$

$$x \cdot y = 24a$$

on solving we get $x = 4a$ & $y = 3a$

$$x \cdot y = 12a^2$$

$$12a^2 = 24a, a = 2$$

$$\text{Required product} = 24 \cdot 2 = 48$$

S3. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Let x, y be the required digits.

The number is to be divisible by 99, i.e., 9 and 11 both.

\therefore Sum of digits is to be divisible by 9, i.e.,

$$3 + 4 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 1 + 3 + x + y = 17 + x + y$$

is to be divisible by 9 and,

$$(y + 3 + 2 + 2 + 3) - (x + 1 + 2 + 4) = 0$$

or, multiple of 11, i.e., $y - x + 3 = 0$ or multiple of 11

now check from option.

$$\therefore x = 1, y = 9.$$

S4. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Last digit of } 3^{41} \times 4^{19} \times 5^{17}$$

$$\text{Last digit of } 3^{41} = 3^1 = 3$$

$$\text{Last digit of } 4^{19} = 4 \times 4 \times 4 = 4$$

$$\text{Last digit of } 5^{17} = 5$$

$$\text{Last digit of } 3^{41} \times 4^{19} \times 5^{17} = 3 \times 4 \times 5 = 0$$



S5. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$86400 = 2^7 \times 3^3 \times 5^2$$

$$\text{Number of factor} = (7 + 1) (3 + 1) (2 + 1)$$

$$= 8 \times 4 \times 3 = 96$$

S6. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$a^3b = abc = 180$$

$$a^3b = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$$

$$\Rightarrow a \text{ must be equal to } 1 \text{ and } b = 180$$

(because there is no any factor which repeats three time)

$$abc = 180$$

$$1 \times 180 \times c = 180$$

$$c = 1$$

S7. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Last digit of dividend} = 1$$

$$\text{Last digit of divisor} = 7$$

$$\text{Last digit of quotient should be } 3$$

$$4767 \times 3 = 14301$$

$$4767 \times 20 = 95340$$

$$4767 \times 100 = 476700$$

$$4767 \times (3 + 20 + 100) = 586341$$

$$\text{Missing digit are} = 586$$



S8. Ans.(b)

Sol. The number is $68 \times 269 = 18292$. 18292, when divided by 67, leaves a remainder of 1.

S9. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$10x + y - (x + y) = 81$$

$$\text{or, } 10x + y - x - y = 81$$

$$\text{or, } 9x = 81 \quad \therefore x = 9$$

Hence, all such numbers are as follows: 90, 91, 92, 93, ... 99.

S10. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$\text{We have, difference of the two digits } \frac{27}{9} = 3$$

$$\text{Sum of the two digits} = 11$$

$$\text{Now, the two digits are } \frac{11+3}{2} \text{ and } \frac{11-3}{2}, \text{ i.e., } 7 \text{ and } 4$$

Thus, the number is 47 because $47 < 74$.

You can check it: $74 - 47 = 27$.

S11. Ans.(b)

Sol.

	Faster	:	Slower
Length →	3	:	4
Speed →	4	:	3

Now, |

$$\frac{3x + 240}{4x + 240} = \frac{24}{40} \times \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 240 \text{ m}$$

	Faster		Slower
∴ Length =	720m		960m

	Faster	:	Slower
Speed =	4	:	3
	×10 ↓		↓ ×10
	40		30

Required time = $\frac{720 + 960}{70} = 24 \text{ sec}$

S12. Ans.(c)

Sol.

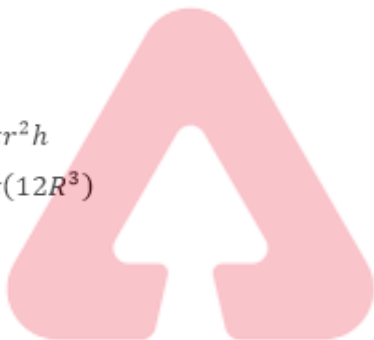
$$\frac{12\pi}{h} = \frac{\pi r^2}{R^2}$$

$$12R^3 = r^2 h$$

$$N \times \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3 = \pi r^2 h$$

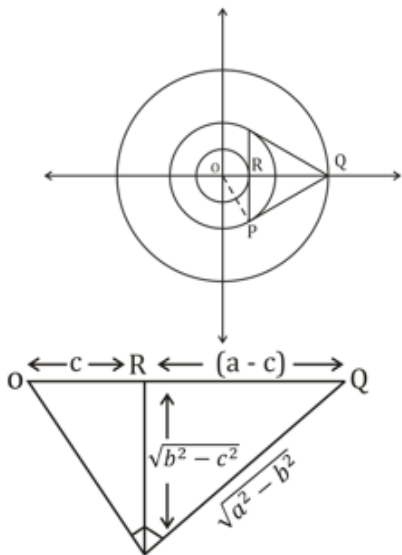
$$N \times \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3 = \pi (12R^3)$$

$$N = 9$$



S13. Ans.(a)

Sol.



From ΔPQR

$$(\sqrt{b^2 - c^2})^2 + (a - c)^2 = (\sqrt{a^2 - b^2})^2$$

$$b^2 - c^2 + a^2 + c^2 - 2ac = a^2 - b^2$$

$$b^2 = ac \text{ \& } b^m = a^n c^p$$

$$m = 2, n = 1 \text{ \& } p = 1$$

$$m^2 + n^2 + p^2 - 4 = 6 - 4 = 2$$

S14. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\operatorname{cosec}(57^\circ + \theta) - \sec(33^\circ - \theta) = 0$$

$$\sin 15^\circ \sec 75^\circ = \frac{\sin 15^\circ}{\cos 75^\circ} = 1$$

$$\sin 46^\circ \sec 44^\circ = 1$$

$$\operatorname{cosec}(30^\circ) = 2$$

so, final value of given function is 2.

S15. Ans.(c)

Sol. Let $x^{3.5} = y$

Then, $x^{10.5} = y^3$

Given,

$$y + \frac{1}{y} = 3$$

$$= y^3 + \frac{1}{y^3} + 2$$

$$18 + 2 = 20$$

S16. Ans.(c)

Sol. abcabc is divisible by 7, 11, 13.

So,

$$a = 7$$

$$b = 8$$

$$c = 9$$

$$(a + b + c)^2 - 76 = 576 - 76 = 500.$$

S17. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$= \frac{4}{16} \times 8 + 5(8) - 8$$

$$= 2 + 40 - 8 = 34$$

S18. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{Exterior angle} = \frac{360^\circ}{n} = \frac{360}{17}$$

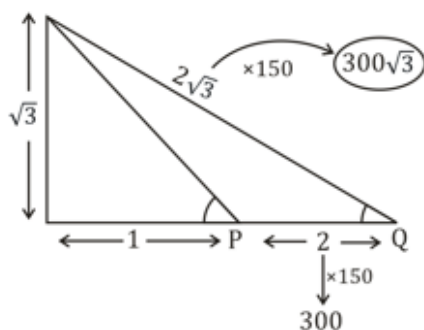
$$n = 17$$

$$\text{req. Ratio} \Rightarrow \frac{n(n-3)}{2} : n$$

$$7 : 1$$

S19. Ans.(c)

Sol.



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S20. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{If } a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc = 0$$

$$\text{Then } (a - b)^2 + (b - c)^2 + (c - a)^2 = 0$$

$$(-x + 6)^2 + (2x - 12)^2 + (-x + 6)^2 = 0$$

$$x = 6$$

S21. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$z = 3, y = 5, x = 1$$

Satisfies

$$1^{5^3} = 1, 5^3 = 125 \text{ \& } 3^5 = 243$$

$$9x + 10y - 18z = 9 + 50 - 54 = 5$$

S22. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\frac{2\pi rh}{2\pi r^2} = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$h/r = 2/1; h = 2r$$

$$2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2 = 23100$$

$$4\pi r^2 + 2\pi r^2 = 23100 \text{ [} h = 2r \text{]}$$

$$6\pi r^2 = 23100$$

$$r^2 = \frac{23100 \times 7}{22 \times 6}$$

$$r = 35, h = 70$$

$$\text{Volume of cylinder} = \pi r^2 h$$

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 35 \times 35 \times 70$$

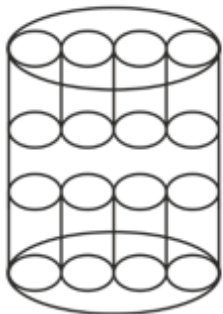
$$= 269500 \text{ cm}^3$$



S23. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Total surface area of the remaining part



$$= \text{TSA} + 8 \times \text{C.S.A}$$

$$= 2\pi r (r + h) + 8 \times 2\pi r_1 h_1$$

$$= 2\pi [14(14 + 15) + 8 \times 3.5 \times 5]$$

$$= 2\pi [14 \times 29 + 140]$$

$$= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 546 = 3432$$

S24. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Height of cylinder in bullet = $3.5 - 2.1 = 1.4$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total bullets} &= \frac{\text{Volume of solid cylinder}}{\text{Volume of cylinder in Bullet} + \text{Volume of hemisphere}} \\ &= \frac{\pi \times (7)^2 \times 21}{\pi \times (2.1)^2 \times 1.4 + \frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times (2.1)^3} \cong 83 \end{aligned}$$

S25. Ans.(b)

Sol.

Let $q = r = 0$

$$p^3 = 4$$

$$a = 0$$

$$b = p$$

$$c = p$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$$

$$= 0 + p^3 + p^3 - 0$$

$$= 8$$

S26. Ans.(a)

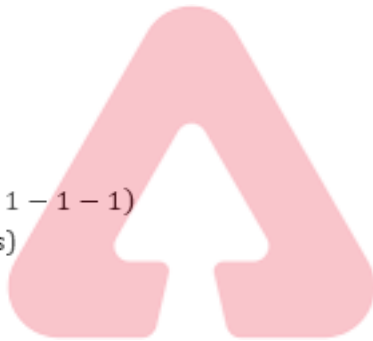
Sol.

Let $a = b = 1$

$$1 + 1 = \frac{1^2}{1^2} (4 \times 1 - 1 - 1)$$

$$2 = 2 \text{ (satisfies)}$$

$$(1)^4 + (1)^4 = 2$$



S27. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\begin{array}{ccc|cc|cc} a^3 + b^3 = 91 & b^3 + c^3 = 72 & a^3 + c^3 = 35 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 27 & 64 & 64 & 8 & 27 & 8 \end{array}$$

$$a = 3, b = 4, c = 2$$

$$a + b + c = 9$$

$$3 + 4 + 2 = 9$$

$$9 = 9 \text{ (Satisfies)}$$

$$abc = 3 \times 4 \times 2 = 24$$

S28. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$x^3 - 4x^2 + 19 = 6(x - 1)$$

$$x^2(x - 4) = 6x - 25$$

$$x^2(x - 4) = 6(x - 4) - 1$$

$$x^2 = 6 - \frac{1}{x - 4}$$

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x - 4} = 6$$

S29. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$xy = 12$$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (4, 3)$$

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (6, 2)$$

Verifying

$$x^4 + y^4 + (x^2 + y^2) \quad [x, y \rightarrow 4, 3]$$

$$= 256 + 81 + 144$$

$$= 481 \text{ (satisfied)}$$

$$x^2 - xy + y^2 = (4)^2 - 4 \times 3 + (3)^2$$

$$= 16 - 12 + 9$$

$$= 13$$

S30. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$y^{x+z} = 1024 \Rightarrow 2^{10} \text{ or } 4^5$$

$$z^{x+y} = 729 \Rightarrow 9^3 \text{ or } 3^6$$

$$x^{y+z} = 1 \Rightarrow \text{implies } x = 1$$

$$\text{Let } z = 9 \text{ \& } y = 2$$

$$z^{x+y} = 9^{1+3} \Rightarrow 729$$

$$y^{x+z} = 2^{1+9} \Rightarrow 1024$$

$$(z + 1)^{y+x+1} = (9 + 1)^{2+1+1}$$

$$= 10^4 = 10000$$

[Satisfies]



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