

English Mega Quiz

Directions (Q1 -5): Read the following passage and answer the questions given below it by selecting the most appropriate option.

It is progress in the Human Sciences that we must look to undo the evils which have resulted from knowledge of the physical world hastily and superficially acquired by populations unconscious of the changes in themselves that the new knowledge has made imperative. The rod to a happier world than any known in the past lies open before us if atavistic destructive passions can be kept in leash while the necessary adaptation are made. Fears are inevitable in our time, but hopes are equally rational and are more likely to bear good fruit. We must learn to think rather less of the dangers to be avoided than of the good that will lie within our grasp if we can believe in it and let it dominate our thoughts. Science, whatever unpleasant consequences it may have by the way, is its very nature a liberator, a liberator of bondage to physical nature and in to come, a liberator from the weight of destructive passions. We are on the threshold of utter disaster or unprecedentedly glorious achievement. No previous age has been fraught with problems so momentous and it is to science that we must look to for a happy future.

Q1. What does Science liberate us from? It liberates us from



- (a) Bondage to physical nature
- (b) Fears and destructive passions
- (c) Idealistic hopes of a glorious future
- (d) Slavery to physical nature and from passions

Q2. If man's bestial yearning is controlled

- (a) The present will be brighter than the future
- (b) The present will become tolerant
- (c) The future will be brighter become tolerant
- (d) The future will be tolerant

Q3. Should human science be developed because they will?

- (a) Eliminate the destruction caused by a superficial knowledge of the physical world
- (b) Make us conscious of the changes in ourselves
- (c) Make us conscious of the changing world
- (d) Provide more knowledge of the physical world

Q4. The word 'imperative' means

- (a) Vital
- (b) Threatening
- (c) Trivial
- (d) Discrete





5 Full-Length Mocks

Q5. Choose the word opposite in meaning to the word 'superficially'.	
(a) Gradually	
(b) Legally	
(c) Thoroughly	
(d) Primarily	
Q6. We always go to church Christmas.	
(a) By	
(b) For	
(c) On	
(d) Of	
Q7. She gave a tough competition the trophy to her friend.	
(a) By	
(b) On	
(c) To	
(d) For	
Q8. Renu prevented mespoiling my dress.	
(a) From TEACHE	RS
(b) On	
(c) To	
(d) For adda	247
Q9. There is abundance greenery in Kashmir.	
(a) For	
(b) Of	
(c) With	
(d) Off	
Q10. We called our cousins for a get-together.	
(a) On	
(b) For	TEST SERIES Pilingual
(c) At	Bilingual
(d) In	
Q11. Full-length secular plays, known as comedies, were popular in the	KVS PRT
(a) Italian renaissance	30 TOTAL TESTS
(a) Italian i Chaissance	OO IOIAL ILOIO

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(b) English renaissance(c) Spanish Golden Age

(d) Neoclassical France

Q12. Samuel Beckett wrote in the style of

- (a) American selective realism
- (b) Angry young men
- (c) Documentary drama
- (d) Theatre of the absurd

Q13. William Wordsworth, Samuel Taylor Coleridge and Robert Southey are commonly referred to as the 'what' poets?

- (a) English poets
- (b) Lake poets
- (c) Contemporary poets
- (d) Romantic poets

Q14. An extravagant statement, for the purpose of emphasis or heightened effects, is called a/an

- (a) Assonance
- (b) Chiasmus
- (c) Paradox
- (d) Hyperbole

Q15. The line 'he whispered into the dark, dank heart of he night', is a/an

- (a) Meter
- (b) Rhythm
- (c) Consonance
- (d) Assonance



SOLUTIONS

- **S1.** Ans.(d)
- **S2.** Ans.(c)
- S3. Ans.(a)
- S4. Ans.(a)
- S5. Ans.(c)
- **S6.** Ans. (c)
- S7. Ans. (d)
- **S8.** Ans. (a)
- **S9.** Ans. (b)
- S10. Ans. (a)
- S11. Ans.(c)
- S12. Ans.(d)
- S13. Ans.(b)
- S14. Ans.(d)
- S15. Ans.(c)

