

GOVT. OF NCT OF DELH
Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board FC.18, Institutional Area, Karkardooma, Delhi - 110092. www.dsssb.dellhigovtnic.in

| Participant ID |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Participant Name |  |
|  |  |
| Test Date | 10/07/2021 |
| Test Time | $9: 00$ AM - 12:00 PM |
| Subject | PGT-Maths (Female) |

Section : Mental Ability
Q. 1 Which answer figure will complete the pattern in the question figure?


Ans

valking in the south direction and walks a distance of 7 meters. Now he took a valk 6 m . Again he takes a left turn and walks 15 m and reached a point P . In m is Rahul from the initial point?
h-East
h-East
h-West
h-West
ption that is to unrelated (or odd one out amongst) the given set of words.
r
ser
angles are there in the given figure?

iagram that best represents the relationship among the given classes.
'en

tion in which the words share the same relationship as that shared by the given

n responses, find the missing term in the series.
'X, G15W , ?
/

う

J
ig question, select the related letter cluster from the given alternatives.
: : ACZO : ?
i
$\checkmark$

V
ing number in the series given below.
n responses, find the missing letter cluster in the series.


गde language, 'MAPED' is coded as '64' and 'RECK' is coded as '41'. How will led as in that language?
n below are given two statements followed by two conclusion. You have to jiven statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with the own facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.
res.
are tyres.
are clutchs.
:hs are cars.
ly conclusion II follows
her conclusion I or II follows
ly conclusion I follows
ither conclusion I nor II follows
e photograph, Mamta said that the woman in this photo is the wife of the son wife's only daughter. How is the Mamta related to that woman?
ler
ıer-in-law
!

ıore than Rahul. Yamuna scored as much as Divya. Lokita scored less than


II
una
n given, relations between different elements are shown in the statements. ents are followed by two conclusions. Find out which of the given conclusions given statements and select the correct alternative from the given choices.

$$
P<Q \geq R=S \geq L
$$

II is true
rlarll ic trıo

## Ins should be interchanged to make the given equation correct?

$-1=14$
d×
$1+$
d +
d-
or image of the following figure.
figure:

iagram that best represents the relationship among the given classes.
ıronavirus, Diabetes

re given in the following question. All figures have something in common ind the odd figure out.

n below, there are two statements followed by four conclusions given in lave to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusion $w(s)$ from the given statements.
s are diamonds.
are crystals.
iamonds are emeralds
e emeralds are diamonds
e crystals are emeralds
ystals are emeralds

## vareness

e first initiative of Mahatma Gandhi as a nationalist in India?
la
andar
edabad
nparan

following is the largest District in India as per area?

e following years was the Indian Policy Resolution adopted by the Parliament?

1
following individuals composed the National Song "Vande Mataram"?
ajendra Prasad
ndranath Tagore
Mangeshkar
:imchandra Chatterjee
int Nyiragongo volcano has erupted. In which of the following countries is it
) CCO
agascar
ocratic Republic of Congo
ria
following commission was appointed by the Central Government on Unions in 1983?


## following individuals is the author of the book "Anandamath"?

imchandra Chatterji
ajendra Prasad
shi Premchand
ndranath Tagore
ding capacity is the highest in which of the following soils?
k Soil
Soil
zy Soil
;oil
of India was built to commemorate the visit of which of the following Kings?
George V
William IV
Edward VII
George I
following mahajanapadas was Vaishali the capital of?

```
Iti
```

adha

he following laid the foundation of Golden Temple?
Arjan Sahib
at Mian Mir ji


Amardas Sahib
Ramdas Sahib
following refrective defects of vision is also known as Far-sightedness?
ліа
?rmetropia
byopia
ract
ad won the first Cricket World Cup in the year 1975?
stan
ralia
t Indies
following organizations developed the COVID-19 vaccine Covishield?
erna
in Medical Association
at Biotech
m Institute of India
sientific Name of National Bird of India?
:ock
: Cokoo
, Cristatus
hera Tigris

te the process for the removal of the Vice-President of India? ident
se of People

ıcil of Ministers
ıcil of States
judge who presided over Mahatma Gandhi's hearing during the Non-
Uovement in the year 1922?
ice James Dewar
ice William McDonell
ice CN Broomfield
ice Henry Davison
following Tennis player won the ATP Rome 2021 (Paris Open)?
ak Djokovic
el Nadal
, Murray
Federar
-Officio Chairperson of the NITI Aayog?
President
e Minister
e Minister
ident

## Ability

st fraction of the following fractions.

lose edge is 8 cm are joined together to form a single cuboid. What is the : new cuboid so formed?
$50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
$50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
$4 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
$50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
|ht 2 items at the same price. He sold one item at 20 percent profit and another cent profit. What is the overall percentage profit he made?
lercent
percent
percent
percent
$=243$ and $5(q-p)=5$, then find the value of $(p \times q)$ ?
owing table carefully to answer the given question.
iployees in different departments of five organisations

| misation $\rightarrow$ <br> sartment $\downarrow$ | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HR | 145 | 80 | 120 | 180 | 160 |
| Finance | 120 | 75 | 100 | 220 | 140 |
| Iarketing | 150 | 90 | 115 | 200 | 190 |
| IT | 225 | 110 | 160 | 280 | 220 |
| ninistration | 180 | 120 | 130 | 110 | 130 |

tio between the number of employees from Finance and Marketing together of organization $B$ and these two departments together of D respectively?

3

1

3
ie in the place of question mark (?) in the given expression?
$\left.\times 35+45^{2}-15^{2}\right)=?^{2}$
hes his college in 2 hours by his bike at an average speed of $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, then ie his average speed by his car to reach the college half an hour earlier?
n/hr
n/h
n/hr
n/hr
i shirt is decreased by 25 percent and hence the sale is increased by 20 will be the effect on the total revenue of the shop?


3600 is divided into two principals. One principal is invested at 8 percent p.a. id the other is invested at 9 percent p.a. for 3 years. If the total simple interest s. 741 , then find the larger principal.
!100
'400

800

500
bar graph shows the sales (in Rs. crore) of six companies in 2012-13.

mate percentage of the total sales of the given six companies together was the any T ?
arcent
percent
percent
5 percent
ill come in place of question mark (?) in the following question?

$$
\sqrt[3]{27}-\sqrt[3]{343}=?
$$

i numbers is 33 . If average of first 15 numbers is 28 and average of last 25
$j$, then what is the average of remaining five numbers?
umbers is 3 times their HCF. The sum of the LCM and the HCF is 44 . If one then the other number is:
owing table carefully to answer the given question.
iployees in different departments of five organisations

| misation $\rightarrow$ <br> artment $\downarrow$ | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| IT | 225 | 110 | 160 | 280 | 220 |
| ninistration | 180 | 120 | 130 | 110 | 130 |

iployees in IT department of organization C is what per cent of the total

ours to type 24 pages. Neelam takes 9 hours to type 45 pages. In how many Il type 351 pages together?

Jurs
jurs
ours
गurs
peed of boat in upstream to speed of boat in downstream is $2: 3$. The time to cover 45 km in downstream is t hours, then in t hours how many kilometers ed by boat in upstream?
$n$
$n$
ains tin, copper and zinc in the ratio of 4:6:5. Find the quantity of copper to be kg of this alloy to form a new alloy in which the ratio of the above elements in er is 4:4:5?

J
$\exists$
$\exists$
he diagonal of a kite is 16 cm and its area is $96 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, what is the length of the Il of the kite?

three partners in a business who shared profit in the ratio of 2:5:3. If they had months, 6 months and 9 months respectively, what is the ratio of their

9

4
ist appropriate meaning of the given idiom/ phrase.
usic
e offered warm hospitality
e greeted rudely
רjoy a music programme
ear the consequences
rd which means the same as the group of words given.
that combines media of communication:
itasking
imillionaire
iple
imedia
jngly spelt word.


Ig question, four sentences are given out of which three sentences are $y$ incorrect while one is correct. Find out which sentence is grammatically elect the appropriate option.
gation on this portal should be such that the complete law-making chain, right
nt act to the subordinate legislations, is clearly visible.
entral Acts and subordinate legislations passed by the Centre, include rules, nd circulars, should be made available on this portal.
data uploaded on the portal should available in machine readable PDF formats.
jortal should allow uploaded of state government Acts, regulations and
2gislations as well.
ist appropriate antonym of the given word.
$y$

```
st appropriate option to substitute the underlined segment in the given
ere is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution required'.
-ends in agricultural production, fish harvest, bio-energy production and terials have increased, in response to populational growth, rising demand and zvelopment.
```

Ilation growth, rising demand and technological development.
ubstitution required.
ılated growth, rising demand and technological development.
ılation growing, rising demand and technological development.
? following sentences in their correct order to form a meaningful paragraph.
o many reasons to include veggies into your diet.
ories, nutrient-dense, versatile and tasty.
se the term healthy, vegetable is the first word that comes to our mind.
' plate with healthy and nutritious food items is an effective way to lose weight.
S
ว
2
२

ist appropriate synonym of the given word.

ist appropriate option to fill in the blank.
II aware that to $\qquad$ hygiene, we have to keep ourselves and our clean.
erve

N
Itain

Jre
st appropriate meaning of the given idiom/ phrase.
finger
gs always get worse before they get better
xperience unpleasant consequences
Ilent health
od condition espc. Getting a lot of money
ist appropriate option to fill in the blank.
$\qquad$ damp grass, breaking a leg, cracking a bone in the other and hurting
following sentences in their correct order to form a meaningful paragraph.
ıment of Maharashtra has come up with guidelines for organising of Ganesh
rs need to have more than 20 people, then they need to take permission from ict Collector.
n time, no more than 20 people will be allowed to gather in the sanctum within iere the Ganesh idol is kept for worshipping.
t Collector will then verify the size of the pandal and will give permission if social distancing will be maintained with 20 plus people. 2

S

S

२
egment in the sentence which contains the grammatical error from the given
:e the examination faster and answered one more question he would have
had wrote the examination faster
answered one more question
ould have scored better
rror
runner
runner
runner
ist appropriate option to substitute the underlined segment in the given here is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution required'.
om the two events will be counted for "ranking of competing nations" at the james, the CGF said on Monday.
,e count
ubstitution required
:ount
Junted
on:
wing passage and answer the questions below.
If Rome, Marullus and Flavius, break up a gathering of citizens who want to as Caesar's triumphant return from war. The victory is marked by public games ar's protégé, Mark Antony, takes part. On his way to the arena, Caesar is stopped who warns him that he should 'Beware the Ides [15th] of March.'
rs, Caius Cassius and Marcus Brutus, are suspicious of Caesar's reactions to nolds in the Republic. They fear he will accept offers to become Emperor. He ing a lot of power recently and people treat him like a god. Cassius, a neral himself, is jealous of Caesar. Brutus has a more balanced view of the on. The conspirator Casca enters and tells Brutus of a ceremony held by the ey offered Caesar a crown three times, and he refused it every time. But the are still wary of his aspirations.
a, and their allies plant false documents to manipulate Brutus to join their cause zsar. After doing so, they visit Brutus at night in his home to persuade him of lere they plan Caesar's death. Brutus is troubled but refuses to confide in his Portia. On 15 March, Caesar's wife, Calpurnia, urges him not to go to the Senate. isionary dreams and fears the portents of the overnight storms.

эrtheless persuaded by flattery to go to the Capitol. At the Capitol, he is stabbed jirator in turn. As Brutus gives the final blow, Caesar utters the famous phrase:

No : 16
onspirators plant false documents?
anipulate Portia to join their cause to remove Brutus
anipulate Cassius to join their cause to remove Brutus
anipulate Caesar to join their cause to remove Brutus
anipulate Brutus to join their cause to remove Caesar
on:
wing passage and answer the questions below.
,f Rome, Marullus and Flavius, break up a gathering of citizens who want to ıs Caesar's triumphant return from war. The victory is marked by public games ar's protégé, Mark Antony, takes part. On his way to the arena, Caesar is stopped who warns him that he should 'Beware the Ides [15th] of March.'
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rrtheless persuaded by flattery to go to the Capitol. At the Capitol, he is stabbed , irator in turn. As Brutus gives the final blow, Caesar utters the famous phrase:

No: 17
the given passage, Portia has been portrayed as-
ıs' wife

on:
wing passage and answer the questions below.
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rrtheless persuaded by flattery to go to the Capitol. At the Capitol, he is stabbed ,irator in turn. As Brutus gives the final blow, Caesar utters the famous phrase:

No: 18
iis line "He has been gaining a lot of power recently and people treat him like a according to the given passage:

on:
wing passage and answer the questions below.
,f Rome, Marullus and Flavius, break up a gathering of citizens who want to ıs Caesar's triumphant return from war. The victory is marked by public games ar's protégé, Mark Antony, takes part. On his way to the arena, Caesar is stopped who warns him that he should 'Beware the Ides [15th] of March.'
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a, and their allies plant false documents to manipulate Brutus to join their cause esar. After doing so, they visit Brutus at night in his home to persuade him of ıere they plan Caesar's death. Brutus is troubled but refuses to confide in his Portia. On 15 March, Caesar's wife, Calpurnia, urges him not to go to the Senate. isionary dreams and fears the portents of the overnight storms.
rrtheless persuaded by flattery to go to the Capitol. At the Capitol, he is stabbed , irator in turn. As Brutus gives the final blow, Caesar utters the famous phrase:

## No: 19

:ollowing statements is incorrect according to the given passage?
ar is nevertheless persuaded by flattery to go to the Capitol.
offered Caesar a crown three times, and he refused it every time.
ar utters the famous phrase: Et tu, Brute?
e Capitol, Cassius is stabbed by each conspirator in turn.

on:
wing passage and answer the questions below.
,f Rome, Marullus and Flavius, break up a gathering of citizens who want to ıs Caesar's triumphant return from war. The victory is marked by public games ar's protégé, Mark Antony, takes part. On his way to the arena, Caesar is stopped who warns him that he should 'Beware the Ides [15th] of March.'
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rrtheless persuaded by flattery to go to the Capitol. At the Capitol, he is stabbed , irator in turn. As Brutus gives the final blow, Caesar utters the famous phrase:

No: 20
ar's wife, Calpurnia, urge him not to go to the Senate?
use she was told to do so by the two senators Brutus and Cassius
use an stranger told her to be killed by some senators


क्य में निम्न में से किस चिन्ह का प्रयोग नहीं किया गया है?
या विशेषण बनती हैं, उन्हें "नामधातु क्रिया" कहते हैं।
राम चिन्ह
वेराम चिन्ह
ர चिन्ह
〒 चिन्ह

जे कौन-सा शब्द "निष्ठा" का पर्यायवाची नहीं है?
I

I के लिए एक शब्द का चयन कीजिए-
Tन से दूसरे स्थान पर न ले जाया जा सके-
ील

पन्न
!

## से तत्सम शब्द का चयन कीजिए-

वा

छाया

के अशुद्ध वर्तनी वाले वाक्य का चयन कीजिए-


T
$\pi$

## दे कौन-सा शब्द तत्पुरुष समास का उदाहरण नहीं है?

$\pi$
ध
ाह
कट

## से कौन-सा वाक्य विस्मयादिबोधक वाक्य है?

कितनी ठंडी रात है।
इ कार्य नहीं करेंगे।
जीवन में उन्नति करें।
अब जा चुका होगा।

से मुहावरा "अंडे का शहजादा" का क्या अर्थ है?
अनुभवी होना।
ते मनुष्य।
परिश्रम करने वाला।


न भूतकाल
य वर्तमानकाल
भूतकाल
ममद् भूतकाल

से लोकोक्ति "अपना रख पराया चख" का क्या अर्थ है?
त चीज का विशेष मूल्य नहीं होता।
सफलता मिले, उसी का यश फैले।
छोड़ कर थोडे में ही संतुष्ट होना।
वस्तु की रक्षा, दूसरे की वस्तु का उपभोग।
•
चित

य

## से अशुद्ध वर्तनी वाले शब्द का चयन कीजिए- <br> ल <br> ाग <br> चश्यक <br> पेत

## से "अवाक्" का विलोम शब्द कौन-सा है?

;
;
†

on:
श का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-
; शक्तियाँ हैं- वाणी और कर्म। कुछ लोग वचन से संसार को राह दिखाते हैं और कुछ लोग कर्म से। शब्द ही महान शक्तियाँ हैं। शब्द की महिमा अपार है। विश्व में साहित्य, कला, विज्ञान,शास्त्र सब शब्द-शक्ति के नर कोरे शब्द व्यर्थ होते है, जिनका आचरण न हो। कर्म के बिना वचन, व्यवहार के बिना सिद्धांत की कोई

क्ते महान है, पर चिरस्थायी और सनातनी शक्ति तो व्यवहार है। महात्मा गाँधी ने इन दोनों की कठिन और थी। महात्मा जी का सम्पूर्ण जीवन उन्ही दोनों से युक्त था। वे वाणी और व्यवहार में एक थे। जो कहते थे उनकी महानता का रहस्य है। कस्तूरबा ने शब्द की अपेक्षा कृति की उपासना की थी, क्योंकि कृति का ओ प्रभाव होता है। 'बा' ने कोरी शाब्दिक, शास्त्रीय, सैद्धांतिक शब्दावली नहीं सीखी थी। वे तो कर्म की का विश्वास शब्दों की अपेक्षा कर्मो में था। वे जो कहा करती थीं उसे पूरा करती थी। वे रचनात्मक कर्मों थीं। इसी के बल पर उन्होनें अपने जीवन में सार्थकता और सफलता प्राप्त की थी।

No: 16
़े उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का उचित शीर्षक कौन-सा है?
देहः चिरस्थायी एवं सनातनी शक्ति
और कर्म
मूर्ति गाँधी
ศ महत्व
on:
श का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-
i शक्तियाँ हैं- वाणी और कर्म। कुछ लोग वचन से संसार को राह दिखाते हैं और कुछ लोग कर्म से। शब्द ही महान शक्तियाँ हैं। शब्द की महिमा अपार है। विश्व में साहित्य, कला, विज्ञान,शास्त्र सब शब्द-शक्ति के गर कोरे शब्द व्यर्थ होते है, जिनका आचरण न हो। कर्म के बिना वचन, व्यवहार के बिना सिद्धांत की कोई

क्ते महान है, पर चिरस्थायी और सनातनी शक्ति तो व्यवहार है। महात्मा गाँधी ने इन दोनों की कठिन और थी। महात्मा जी का सम्पूर्ण जीवन उन्ही दोनों से युक्त था। वे वाणी और व्यवहार में एक थे। जो कहते थे उनकी महानता का रहस्य है। कस्तूरबा ने शब्द की अपेक्षा कृति की उपासना की थी, क्योंकि कृति का ो प्रभाव होता है। 'बा' ने कोरी शाब्दिक, शास्त्रीय, सैद्धांतिक शब्दावली नहीं सीखी थी। वे तो कर्म की का विश्वास शब्दों की अपेक्षा कर्मो में था। वे जो कहा करती थीं उसे पूरा करती थी। वे रचनात्मक कर्मों थीं। इसी के बल पर उन्होनें अपने जीवन में सार्थकता और सफलता प्राप्त की थी।

No: 17
के अनुसार, गाँधीजी की महानता का रहस्य क्या है?
Tरीबों की सहायता करते थे।
इते थे वही करते थे।
इते थे वह, कभी नही करते थे।
नरे व्यक्ति कहते थे, वही करते थे।
on:
श का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-
; शक्तियाँ हैं- वाणी और कर्म। कुछ लोग वचन से संसार को राह दिखाते हैं और कुछ लोग कर्म से। शब्द ही महान शक्तियाँ हैं। शब्द की महिमा अपार है। विश्व में साहित्य, कला, विजान,शास्त्र सब शब्द-शक्ति के नर कोरे शब्द व्यर्थ होते है, जिनका आचरण न हो। कर्म के बिना वचन, व्यवहार के बिना सिद्धांत की कोई

क्के महान है, पर चिरस्थायी और सनातनी शक्ति तो व्यवहार है। महात्मा गाँधी ने इन दोनों की कठिन और थी। महात्मा जी का सम्पूर्ण जीवन उन्ही दोनों से युक्त था। वे वाणी और व्यवहार में एक थे। जो कहते थे उनकी महानता का रहस्य है। कस्तूरबा ने शब्द की अपेक्षा कृति की उपासना की थी, क्योंकि कृति का १ प्रभाव होता है। 'बा' ने कोरी शाब्दिक, शास्त्रीय, सैद्धांतिक शब्दावली नहीं सीखी थी। वे तो कर्म की का विश्वास शब्दों की अपेक्षा कर्मो में था। वे जो कहा करती थीं उसे पूरा करती थी। वे रचनात्मक कर्मों भीं। इसी के बल पर उन्होनें अपने जीवन में सार्थकता और सफलता प्राप्त की थी।

No: 18
के संदर्भ में, प्राय: सज्जन व्यक्ति संसार को $\qquad$ राह दिखाते है।

कार्यक्षमता से।
गरीबो की मदद करने की भावना से।
बुद्धिक्षमता से।
कर्म एवं वाणी से।
on:
श का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-
i शक्तियाँ हैं- वाणी और कर्म। कुछ लोग वचन से संसार को राह दिखाते हैं और कुछ लोग कर्म से। शब्द ही महान शक्तियाँ हैं। शब्द की महिमा अपार है। विश्व में साहित्य, कला, विज्ञान,शास्त्र सब शब्द-शक्ति के गर कोरे शब्द व्यर्थ होते है, जिनका आचरण न हो। कर्म के बिना वचन, व्यवहार के बिना सिद्धांत की कोई

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No: 19
ज़े कौन-सा शब्द "सार्थकता" का पर्यायवाची नही है?
पूर्ति
ता
गेता

Ђ
on:
श का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-
i शक्तियाँ हैं- वाणी और कर्म। कुछ लोग वचन से संसार को राह दिखाते हैं और कुछ लोग कर्म से। शब्द ही महान शक्तियाँ हैं। शब्द की महिमा अपार है। विश्व में साहित्य, कला, विज्ञान,शास्त्र सब शब्द-शक्ति के गर कोरे शब्द व्यर्थ होते है, जिनका आचरण न हो। कर्म के बिना वचन, व्यवहार के बिना सिद्धांत की कोई

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No: 20
द़े "चिरस्थायी" से क्या अभिप्राय है?
!ीघ्र नष्ट होने वाला।
$\pi$ दिमाग स्थिर न हो।
5 रहनेवाला या टिकाऊ।
डोर परिश्रम न करता हो।

following is correct if the above image represents the functions $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$ ?
is one-one, $\mathrm{f}_{2}$ is one-one
is onto, $\mathrm{f}_{2}$ is one-one
is one-one, $\mathrm{f}_{2}$ is onto
s onto, $\mathrm{f}_{2}$ is onto
$\rightarrow R$ defined by $f(x)=x^{2}-3 x+2$, then $f(f(x))=$
$+6 x^{3}-13 x^{2}+3 x$
$-6 x^{3}+10 x^{2}-3 x$
$+6 x^{3}+10 x^{2}+3 x$
$-6 x^{3}-13 x^{2}+3 x$

for all $\mathrm{n} \in \mathbf{N}$, then $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} U_{n}^{1 / n}$ is equal to-
${\underset{\infty}{1}}^{U_{n}+1} \frac{U_{n}}{U_{n}}$
${\underset{\infty}{1}}^{U_{n-1}} \frac{U_{n}}{U_{n}}$
${ }_{\infty} \frac{U_{n}}{U_{n-1}}$
$\mathrm{a}_{\infty} \frac{\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}}{\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}+1}}$
d $g: R \rightarrow R$ are given by $f(x)=\cos x$, and $g(x)=3 x^{2}$, then -
: fog
t be determined
and fog both do not exist
: fog

Question ID : 97675512048
ly convergent series is a series which is -
)lutely Convergent
'ergent but not absolutely
zonvergent but absolutely convergent
,lutely divergent

Question ID : 97675512060
$R$ is defined as $R=\left\{(a, b): a \leq b^{2}\right\}$ is $\qquad$ .
sitive
:xive
metric
an Equivalence Relation

y bounded sequence has a convergent subsequence
d sequence has a countable number of terms
integer function $\mathrm{f}: \mathrm{R} \rightarrow \mathrm{R}$ given by $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=[\mathrm{x}]$, (where $[\mathrm{x}]$ denotes the greatest
——.
One, onto
One, but not onto
ler One-One nor onto
, but not One-One

## y operation* on $\mathbf{N}$ is defined as $\mathrm{a}^{*} \mathrm{~b}=\mathrm{a}^{3}+\mathrm{b}^{3}$, then-

:ommutative but not associative
oth associated and commutative
ıeither commutative nor associative
issociative but not commutative
the following tests does not give absolute convergence of a series?
) Test
parison Test
Test
litz's test
ain of convergence for $x-\frac{x}{2}+\frac{x}{3}-\frac{x}{4}+\ldots \ldots$ is

in $1 / n$
$1 / n^{3}$
in $1 / n^{2}$
$/ \sqrt{n}^{\tan 1 / n^{2}}$
$s \sum(-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{n}$ is-
, unded
ditionallv Converaent
$\sum \mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{n}}{ }^{2}$ are convergent series of positive real numbers then, $\sum \sqrt{a_{n} \cdot b_{n}}$
t be convergent
or may not be convergent
ergent
be convergent
ence $\left\{x_{n}\right\}$, where $x_{n}=1+\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{5}+\ldots \ldots+\frac{1}{2 n-1}$ is-
Jauchy sequence
llatory
otonically decreasing
'ergent
and $p=\{(a, a),(b, b),(c, c),(d, d),(a, b),(b, a),(b, c),(c, b)\}$, then $p$ is-
:xive and symmetric
valence
metric and transitive

!xive and transitive

$=\frac{3-y}{4}$
$=\frac{y-4}{3}$
$=\frac{4-y}{3}$
$=\frac{y-3}{4}$
je defined as $f(x)=8 x$. Choose the correct answer:
either one-one nor onto
ne-one onto
ice $\left\{\mathrm{a}^{2}{ }_{\mathrm{n}}\right\}$ converges to $\mathrm{a}^{2}$, then the sequence $\left\{\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{n}}\right\}$ converges toit convergent
$i$

## $d g: B \rightarrow C$ are one-one, then gof : $A \rightarrow C$ is-

one
ler One-One, nor onto
one and onto both


## following is not true?

$r$ ) $=u+i . v$ is an analytic function, then $u$ and $v$ are both harmonic functions
unction does not satisfy Cauchy - Riemann equations, then it is not analytic
Ind $v$ are both harmonic functions then $f(z)=u+i . v$ is analytic
s) $=u+i . v$ is an analytic function, then $u(x, y)=c_{1}$ and $v(x, y)=c_{2}$ are
$x^{3}-3 x y^{2}$ of an analytic function $f(z)=u+i . v$, then -
monic conjugate and $\mathrm{v}(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y})=3 \mathrm{x}^{2} \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{y}^{3}+\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{c}$ is any constant
monic conjugate and $\mathrm{v}(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y})=3 \mathrm{x}^{2} \mathrm{y}-\mathrm{y}^{3}+\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{c}$ is real constant
rmonic conjugate and $v(x, y)=y^{2}-3 x^{2} y+c, c$ is real constant rmonic conjugate and $v(x, y)=y^{3}-3 x^{2} y+c, c$ is any constant
, then how many elements are there in $P(A)$ ?
lement

i-empty sets $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ are having relation $\mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{B}=\mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{C}$ and $\mathrm{A} \cup \mathrm{B}=\mathrm{A}$

=C
nplete metric space then no non-empty open sub-set of $X$ is of first category. m states this?
:hy's Theorem
ano- Weierstrass Theorem
Baire category Theorem
mediate Value Theorem
$=\frac{1}{z}, \mathrm{z} \neq 0$, then
isfies Cauchy - Riemann equation, but not analytic for all $z \neq 0$
ontinuous only but nowhere differentiable
is not satisfy Cauchy - Riemann equation for all $z \neq 0$
nalytic for all $z \neq 0$
nber and $f=r^{n}(\cos n \theta+i \cdot \sin n \theta)$, then
nalytic everywhere except possibly at $\mathrm{r}=0$
nalytic nowhere
nalytic everywhere except possibly at $\theta=0$
nalytic everywhere
are two non-empty sets such that $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{X})=17, \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{Y})=23$ and $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{X} \cup \mathrm{Y})=38$, $\mathrm{Y})$ is -

of the integral $\int_{c^{2}+1}^{z^{2} e^{2 z}} d z$, where $c$ is a circle IzI $=2$ is -
. $\sin 2$
following represents De Morgan's Law?
$\cap \mathrm{B}=\mathrm{A}^{\prime} \cup \mathrm{B}^{\prime}$
' $U B^{\prime}$ ) $=A \cap B^{\prime}$
$\left.\cup B^{\prime}\right)=A^{\prime} \cap B$
$\cup B)^{\prime}=A^{\prime} \cap B^{\prime}$

400 players, 250 play football and 200 play cricket, then how many people play es?

$C)] \cap\left[A^{\prime} \cap\left(B^{\prime} \cap C^{\prime}\right)\right]$ is equal to -
liversal set
$\cap\left(B^{\prime} \cap C^{\prime}\right)$
11 set
$J(B \cup C)$
of the integral $\int_{c} \frac{\mathrm{ze}^{2}}{(\mathrm{z}-1)^{3}} \mathrm{dz}$, where c is a circle $|\mathrm{z}|=2$ is-
c
i c
:i.c
ic
$\left.z\right|^{2}$, then
lifferentiable only at zero
ifferentiable everywhere except 0
ifferentiable everywhere
ifferentiable nowhere

: $: \mathbf{x} \in \mathbf{Z}\}$
-1: $x \in \mathbf{Z}\}$
$-2: x \in \mathbf{Z}\}$ then -
$Z_{2}, Z_{3}$ form a partition of $\mathbf{Z}$
$\cap \mathrm{Z}_{2} \cap \mathrm{Z}_{3}=\mathbf{Z}$
$Z_{2}, Z_{3}$ form a group under multiplication
, $\mathrm{Z}_{2}, \mathrm{Z}_{3}$ form a partition of $\mathbf{R}$
,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\}
4,\}
3\}, then $(A \cup B)^{\prime}$ is -
j,8\}
5.7.9\}
$\frac{|z|}{\operatorname{le}(z)}, \quad$ if $\operatorname{Re}(z) \neq 0$
$j$,$\quad$ if $\operatorname{Re}(z)=0 \quad$ then-
ot continuous nowhere
ot continuous at 0
ot continuous only at 0
ot continuous everywhere
i
$\mathrm{y}+\mathrm{n}=0$ be the normal to the circle $\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{y}^{2}+\mathrm{a}^{2}$ then -

2

the point $(-3,8,4)$ in the plane $6 x-3 y-2 z+1=0$, is -

quation of the cone which passes through the co-ordinate axes is-
$r^{2}+y^{2} z^{2}+z^{2} x^{2}=0$
$y+f y z+g z x=0$
$+y z-z x=0$
${ }^{2}+b^{2}+c z^{2}+2 h x y+2 f y z+2 g z x=0$

If revolution of the straight line $z^{2}=y, x=0$ about the $y$ axis is-
$+z^{2}=y$
$+z^{2}=x$
$=x^{2}+y^{2}$
$=x^{2}+z^{2}$
nals at the point $\left(\mathrm{ct}_{1}, \frac{c}{t_{1}}\right)$ on the hyperbola $\mathrm{xy}=\mathrm{c}^{2}$ meets it
e point $\left(\mathrm{ct}_{2}, \frac{c}{t_{2}}\right)$ then-
$t_{1}{ }^{3}=-1$
$t_{1}=-1$
$t_{2}=-1$
$t_{1}=-1$
ie sphere that passes through the points $(0,0,0),(a, 0,0),(0, b, 0),(0,0, c)$ is -
$a)^{2}+(y-b)^{2}+(z-c)^{2}=\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\left(a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}\right)}$
$\left.-\frac{a}{2}\right)^{2}+\left(y-\frac{b}{2}\right)^{2}+\left(z-\frac{c}{2}\right)^{2}=\frac{1}{2}\left(a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}\right)$
$+y^{2}+z^{2}=a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}$
$\left.-\frac{a}{2}\right)^{2}+\left(y-\frac{b}{2}\right)^{2}+\left(z-\frac{c}{2}\right)^{2}=\frac{1}{4}\left(a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}\right)$
on $a x^{2}+b y^{2}+c z^{2}+2 u x+2 v y+2 w z+d=0$, represents a cone
${ }^{2}+\mathrm{bv}^{2}+\mathrm{cw}^{2}=\mathrm{d}$
$\mathrm{u}+\mathrm{acv}+\mathrm{abw}=\mathrm{d}$
$-\mathrm{c}) \cdot \mathrm{u}^{2}+(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{c}) \cdot \mathrm{v}^{2}+(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \cdot \mathrm{w}^{2}=\mathrm{d}$
limension, the equation $x^{2}=2 . \lambda . y, \lambda \neq 0$ represents -
liptic cylinder
inder
jerbolic cylinder
"abolic cylinder
e diameters of the hyperbola are such that -
meet the curve at real point
meet the curve at imaginary points
meet the curve at infinity
meets the curve at real point and another meets at imaginary point
ss through a point $(1,-2,1)$ and is perpendicular of two planes $2 x-2 y+z=0$
$:=4$. The distance of the plane from the point $(1,2,2)$ is -
$\sqrt{2}$

$\tan ^{-1} \frac{2}{3}$ )
$\tan ^{-1} \frac{3}{4}$ )
$\left.\tan ^{-1} \frac{3}{4}\right)$
$\tan ^{-1} \frac{2}{3}$ )
ween the lines represented by $x^{2}-2 x y-y^{2}+2 x+3 y-1=0$, is -

$$
\begin{aligned}
& r^{-1}(1 / 4) \\
& \tau^{-1}(1 / 2)
\end{aligned}
$$

sents to the ellipse $\frac{x^{2}}{a^{2}}+\frac{y^{2}}{b^{2}}=1$ makes intercepts of lengths $h$ he axis, then -
$+\frac{k^{2}}{b^{2}}=1$
$-\frac{k^{2}}{b^{2}}=1$
$-\frac{b^{2}}{k^{2}}=1$
$+\frac{\mathrm{b}^{2}}{\mathrm{k}^{2}}=1$
cal chord of a parabola and $d$ be the distance from vertex, then-
$: \frac{1}{\mathrm{~d}^{2}}$
c $\frac{1}{d}$
d $\mathrm{d}^{2}$
© d
:ity and semi - latus rectum of the curve $\frac{1}{r}=8+5 \cdot \cos \theta$, are respectively -

8
$\frac{1}{8}$
;
3

8
$\mathrm{d} \mathrm{S}_{2}=0$ are the equations of a sphere, then $\mathrm{S}_{1}+\lambda \cdot \mathrm{S}_{2}=0$ represents -
רere passing through the circle of intersection of the spheres
רere passing through the plane of intersection
ne
sle

of the plane through the point $(1,2,-3)$ and normal to the straight line joining $, 3,4)$ and ( $5,2,-1$ ) is-
$2 y-5 z-9=0$
$1-5 z-19=0$
$1+5 z+19=0$
$1-3 z-17=0$
jola or ellipse how many normals can be drawn?
t distance between the z -axis and the line $\frac{x-2}{1}=\frac{y-1}{2}=\frac{z+1}{2}$ is-
5
$\alpha+\cot \alpha=2+\sqrt{5}$, then value of $\cos \alpha$ is-

je a necessary and sufficient condition for the curve $\mathbf{v}=$ constant to be a the general surface?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -\mathrm{FE}_{1}+2 \mathrm{EF}_{1}=0 \\
& +\mathrm{FE}_{1}-2 \mathrm{EF}_{1}=0 \\
& +\mathrm{FE}_{1}+2 \mathrm{EF}_{1}=0 \\
& -\mathrm{FE}_{1}-2 \mathrm{EF}_{1}=0
\end{aligned}
$$

of surface ds is given by-
$=\mathrm{H}^{2} \sqrt{\mathrm{du}}{ }^{2}+\mathrm{dv}^{2}$
$=H \sqrt{d u^{2}+d v^{2}}$
=H.dudv
$=\mathrm{H}^{2} \mathrm{~d} u d v$
$\theta+\operatorname{Cos} \theta$ and $Y=\operatorname{Cot} \theta-\operatorname{Cos} \theta$, then find the value of $\frac{\mathrm{X}^{2}-Y^{2}}{\sqrt{X Y}}$.

$\frac{p q}{z b}$

2 of $\sqrt{3} \sin 10^{\circ}$ is equal to -

```
i0
10}+\operatorname{cos}7\mp@subsup{0}{}{\circ
Jo}+\operatorname{sin}4\mp@subsup{0}{}{\circ
Jo}+\operatorname{sin}5\mp@subsup{0}{}{\circ
```

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ot }\left(7 \frac{1}{2}\right)^{\circ} \text { is - } \\
& \sqrt{3}+\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{6} \\
& +\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{6} \\
& \sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6} \\
& \sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{6}
\end{aligned}
$$

'is -
$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{1}$
$\sqrt{5}$
!
-1
-1

e $\mathrm{xyz}=4$, what shall be the equation of the tangent plane at the point $(1,2,2)$ ?
$1-z+1=0$
$y+z=2$
$y+z=6$
$y+z-1=0$
; $(A-30)$, where $3 A$ and $(A-30)$ are acute angles, find the value of $(\sin 2 A+\cos$
$+1$
$+1$
$-1$
!
symptotic lines is given by-
$\mathrm{du}^{2}-2 \mathrm{Mdudv}+\mathrm{Ndv}^{2}=0$
$\mathrm{u}^{2}-\mathrm{Ndv}^{2}=0$
dudv $=0$
$\mathrm{u}^{2}+2 \mathrm{Mdudv}+\mathrm{Ndv}^{2}=0$
be a helix which of the following should be the most necessary and sufficient
ratio of the curvature and the torsion is constant
torsion is constant
product of the curvature and the torsion constant
survature is constant
the appropriate matrix of the coefficient of Frenet-Serret formula?

$\left[\begin{array}{cc}-\mathrm{k} & 0 \\ 0 & -\tau \\ \tau & 0\end{array}\right]$

$\left.\begin{array}{cc}-\tau & 0 \\ 0 & -\mathrm{k} \\ \mathrm{k} & 0\end{array}\right]$
surface, $x=u c o s v, y=u s i n v, z=c v$. The first fundamental coefficients are
$0, u^{2}+c^{2}$
$\mathrm{sv}, \sin \mathrm{v}, \mathrm{u}^{2}+1$
$0, \sqrt{u^{2}+c^{2}}$
n $\times 2 \perp$ ~
the first quadrant and $2 \sqrt{3} \sin \mathrm{~A} \cos \mathrm{~A}=\cos ^{2} \mathrm{~A}-\sin ^{2} \mathrm{~A}$, then the value $(\mathrm{A} / 2) \sin (\mathrm{A} / 2)$ is:
point on a surface, then P will be a singularity of the surface if -

alue of: $\frac{\sec 8 \mathrm{~A}(\tan 10 \mathrm{~A}+\tan 6 \mathrm{~A})}{4(\tan 10 \mathrm{~A}-\tan 6 \mathrm{~A})}$
A
4A
tA
A
soloid of revolution $z=x^{2}+y^{2}$, the asymptotic lines is given by -
$\mathrm{Au}^{2}+\mathrm{v}^{2} \mathrm{dv}^{2}=0$
$2+\mathrm{u}^{2} \mathrm{dv}^{2}=0$
$2-\mathrm{dv}^{2}=0$
$2^{2}+\mathrm{dv}^{2}=0$
slation between radius of spherical-curvature $R$ and the radius of curvature $\rho$
' and $\sigma$ (the reciprocal of the torsion).
$=\sigma^{2}+\left(\rho^{\prime} \rho\right)^{2}$
$=\rho^{\prime 2}+(\rho \sigma)^{2}$
$=\sigma^{2}+\left(\frac{p^{1}}{\sigma}\right)^{2}$
$=\rho^{2}+\left(\rho^{\prime} \sigma\right)^{2}$

binomial theorem $\left(2^{3 n}-7 n-1\right)$ is divisible by which of the following numbers?

$$
\text { of a continuous time signal } \mathrm{x}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{A}|\mathrm{t}|}, \mathrm{A}>0 \text { is }
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 A}{\left.+\omega^{2}\right)} \\
& \overline{2}^{2} \\
& \frac{A}{\left.+\omega^{2}\right)} \\
& \frac{1}{{ }^{2}}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$
ntinuous function, then $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{r=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{n} f\left(\frac{r}{n}\right)$ can be expressed as -
$f(x) d x$
$x f(x) d x$


ing integrator given by $y(t)=\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) d t$ :
uces an abounded output for every causal bounded input
uces a bounded output for every anticausal bounded input
no finite zeros in its double-sided Laplace transform $\mathrm{Y}(\mathrm{s})$.
no finite singularities in its double sided Laplace transform $\mathrm{Y}(\mathrm{s})$
(t) is given by $x(t)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}1, & \frac{-T}{4}<t \leq \frac{3 T}{4} \\ -1, & \frac{3 T}{4}<t \leq \frac{7 T}{4} \\ -x(t+T)\end{array}\right.$
long the following gives the fundamental Fourier terms of $x(t)$ ?
$\operatorname{in}\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
$\operatorname{in}\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
$\cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{T}+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
$\cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{T}-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
following is true?
$y$ integrable function is monotone increasing
$y$ integrable function is continuous
y monotone function is integrable
d discontinuous function is integrable

est coefficient of $(x+1)^{20}$ is:
$\frac{)!}{!}$
$\frac{1)!}{!)^{2}}$
)!
he number $(6+4 \sqrt{3})$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{2}+1)^{2} \\
& (\sqrt{3}-1)^{2} \\
& \sqrt{3}+1)^{2} \\
& (\sqrt{3}+1)^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

1 valued function of a real variable with period T. Its trigonometric ies expansion contains no terms of frequency $\mathrm{w}=2 \pi\left(\frac{2 \mathrm{k}}{\mathrm{T}}\right), \mathrm{k}=1,2$, terms are present. Then $\mathrm{y}(\mathrm{t})$ satisfies the equation:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =y(t-T)=y(t-T / 2) \\
& )=y(T-t)=-y(t-T / 2) \\
& )=y(t+T)=y(t+T / 2) \\
& )=y(t-T)=-y(t-T / 2)
\end{aligned}
$$



1
nt of $x^{-2}$ of this expansion $\left(2 x^{3}-\frac{7}{x}\right)^{8}$
e term in the expansion of $\left(x^{2}+\frac{1}{x^{2}}+2\right)^{n}$ is:
n !


## following is true?

$100>10000$ i00000000

1

1 and 2
ier 1 nor 2

2
uous time system described by the equation $\mathrm{y}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{x}\left(\mathrm{t}^{2}\right)$ comes under yof-
causal, linear and time-variant
;al, non-linear and time-varying
;al, linear and time-varying
causal, non-linear and time-variant
ier series for the function $f(x)=\sin ^{2}(x)$ is:
$0.5 \sin 2 x$
$0.5 \cos 2 x$
$0.5 \sin 2 x$
$0.5 \cos 2 x$
$=500$, then the value of $x^{x}$ is-

characterized by the differential equation $\frac{d^{2} y(t)}{d t^{2}}-\frac{d y}{d t}-2 y(t)=x(t)$ is -
linear and stable
ar and unstable
linear and unstable

ar and stable

,
: of statement $P(n): 1.6+2.9+3.12+\ldots \ldots .+n(3 n+3)$

- 1) $(n+2)$

1) $(n+2)(n+3)$
-6)
2) $(n+6)$
$\qquad$ $+n$ is $\qquad$ ـ.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{-1)(n+2)}{2} \\
& \frac{n+1)}{2} \\
& \frac{1+1)}{3} \\
& \frac{-1)(n+2)}{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

ralue of n , the statement $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{n}): \mathrm{n}!<\left(\frac{\mathrm{n}+1}{2}\right)^{\mathrm{n}}$, is true? Where n is a hole number.

following improper integral is convergent?

$\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\log x} d x$

$$
\frac{1}{1-\cos x} d x
$$

m of the statement is $\left(1+\frac{1}{1}\right)\left(1+\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(1+\frac{1}{3}\right) \ldots . .\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)$ is-
$-1)^{2}$
$\left.+\frac{1}{n}\right)$
ral $1 \int_{0} \frac{x^{3} \cos 3 x}{2+x^{2}}$ lies between?
and $\frac{1}{2}$
and 1
and $\frac{3}{2}$
; and $\frac{1}{3}$
ment $\left(\mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{n}}-\mathrm{y}^{\mathrm{n}}\right)$ is divisible by -
i+y)
${ }^{2}+y^{2}$ )
y)
$+y)(x-y)$

E the following is true?
$] \rightarrow R$ be defined by

ot integrable in $[0,1]$
Itegrable on $[0,1]$, but $f$ in bounded
itegrable on $[0,1]$, but $f$ in unbounded
itegrable on $[0,1]$
ent is true?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& <\left(\frac{\mathrm{n}+1}{2}\right)^{\mathrm{n}} \\
& >\left(\frac{\mathrm{n}+1}{2}\right)^{\mathrm{n}} \\
& <\left(\frac{\mathrm{n}}{2}\right)^{\mathrm{n}} \\
& >(\mathrm{n})^{\mathrm{n}}
\end{aligned}
$$

${ }^{/ 2} \mathrm{x}^{\mathrm{n}} \sin \mathrm{xdx}, \mathrm{n}>1$, then $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}+\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{n}-1) \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}-2}$ is equal to :
$\left.\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n-1}$
$\left.\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^{n}$
$)^{n-1}$
)

$1>4$
ill negative values of $n$
Ill values of $n$
$\operatorname{mn}^{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{Xdx},(\mathrm{n}>1) . \mathrm{I}_{4}+\mathrm{I}_{6}=\mathrm{a} \tan ^{5} \mathrm{x}+\mathrm{bx} \mathrm{x}^{5}+\mathrm{c}$, where c is a constant of 1 , then the order pair $(a, b)$ is equal to-
$\frac{1}{5},-1$ )
,$\frac{4}{5}$ )
,0)
the inequality is true?
$<1 \int_{0} \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{x}^{2}} \mathrm{dx}<1$
$=1 \int_{0} \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{x}^{2}} \mathrm{dx}<\frac{1}{2}$
$<1 \int_{0} \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{x}^{2}} \mathrm{dx}<1$
$<1 \int_{0} \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{x}^{2}} \mathrm{dx}<\mathrm{e}$
following improper integral is convergent?

2

$$
\frac{1}{x^{2}} d x
$$

$$
\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} d x
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{x^{3}} d x \\
& \frac{1}{x^{3 / 2}} d x
\end{aligned}
$$


of the differential equation $(2 D+1) 2 y=0$ is -
$=(A+B) e^{-x / 2}$
$=(A+B x) e^{-x / 2}$
$=(A+B x) e^{-x}$
$=A e^{-x / 2}$
ion of the differential equation $x^{2} \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-3 x \frac{d y}{d x}+4 y=0$ is:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\left(c_{1}+c_{2} \log x\right) x \\
& =\left(c_{1}+c_{2} \log x\right) e^{x}
\end{aligned}
$$

lent $1.2+2.2^{2}+3.2^{2}+\ldots . . . . n .2^{2}$ can be written in the form of -

1) $2^{n}+2$
-1) $2^{n}+2$
2) $2^{n+1}+2$
-1) $2^{n+1}+2$
$2^{\mathrm{n}+2}$ ) is divisible by

$\mathrm{i}|\mathrm{x}|$, then for any real numbers a and b with $\mathrm{a}<\mathrm{b}$, the value dx equals -
$\left.a^{3}-b^{3}\right)$
$\left.a^{3}+b^{3}\right)$
$\left.|b|^{3}-|a|^{3}\right)$
$\left.\left|b^{3}-a^{3}\right|\right)$
a solution of the differential equation $x^{2} y^{\prime \prime}+x y^{\prime}-y=0$, then
l linearly independent solution of the above equation is -
it - a), then the differential equation satisfying the relation is -

$$
=-\mathrm{m}^{2} \mathrm{x}
$$



$$
\frac{x}{2}=-\alpha^{2} x
$$

$:{ }^{2 n-1} P_{n}=3: 5$, then what is the value of $n$ ?

गgroup of a group $G$ and $K$ be a normal subgroup of a group $G$, then -
a normal subgroup of HK $\cap \mathrm{KH}$
a normal subgroup of HK
a normal subgroup of KH
not a normal subgroup of HK

## ( $\mathrm{G}^{\prime}, *$ ) be two groups and $\mathrm{f}: \mathrm{G} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}^{\prime}$ be a homomorphism, then $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{G})$

zyclic subgroup of $\mathrm{G}^{\prime}$ is commutative
syclic subgroup of G' if G may not be cyclic
syclic subgroup of G'
t a cyclic subgroup of $\mathrm{G}^{\prime}$ if G is cyclic
;roup such that $\mathrm{a}^{2}=\mathrm{c}$ for all $\mathrm{a} \in \mathrm{G}$, then G is:

- abelian group

$\left.\sqrt{3 \mathrm{x}}+\mathrm{c}_{2} \sin \sqrt{3 \mathrm{x}}\right)+\mathrm{c}_{3} \mathrm{e}^{2 \mathrm{x}}$ is the general solution of-
$\frac{5}{2}+4 y=0$
$-2 \frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+\frac{d y}{d x}-2 y=0$
$\frac{8}{3}+x \frac{d x}{d y}-3 x=0$
$\frac{x}{2}+8 y=0$
$\left(\mathrm{G}^{\prime}, *\right)$ be two finite groups and $\Phi: \mathrm{G} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}$ be an epimorphism then -
is not a divisor of $\mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{G}^{\prime}\right)$
, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 how many numbers between 3000 and 4000 can be made if d be repeated?
e group G is simple if and only if -
$=n, n$ is a positive integer
$=n, n$ is an even integer
$=n, n$ is an odd integer
$=n, n$ is a prime integer
sular integral of $\left(D^{2}+a^{2}\right) y=\sin a x\left(D \equiv \frac{d}{d x}\right)$ is -

( $\mathrm{G}^{\prime}, *$ ) be two groups and $\Phi: \mathrm{G} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}^{\prime}$ be a epimorphism. Then $\Phi$ is an if and only if-
$\mathrm{D} \subset\left\{\mathrm{eG}^{\prime}\right\}$
$\mathrm{D} \subset\{\mathrm{e}\}$
$D=\left\{e G^{\prime}\right\}$
$D=\{e G\}$
following is not true?
$G$ be a group in which $(a b)^{3}=a^{3} b^{3}$ for all $a, b \in G$, then $=\left\{x^{3}: x \in G\right\}$ is normal subgroup of $G$
nutative subgroup of a group is normal subgroup of the group
[ is normal subgroup of a finite group G , then $[\mathrm{G}: \mathrm{H}]=2$.
G is non - commutative group of order $2 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{p}$ is prime and re exists at least one element a of order $p$, then $\langle a\rangle$ is normal in $G$.
independent solutions of the differential equation $4 \frac{\mathrm{~d}^{2} \mathrm{y}}{\mathrm{dx}}+4 \frac{\mathrm{dy}}{\mathrm{dx}}+5 \mathrm{y}=0$
${ }^{2} \cos x$ and $e^{x / 2} \sin x$
${ }^{2} \cos \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{x} / 2} \sin \mathrm{x}$
$z^{z / 2} \cos x$ and $e^{x / 2} \sin x$
${ }^{\mathrm{s} / 2} \cos \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{x} / 2} \sin \mathrm{x}$
$r$ solution of differential equation $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-\frac{d y}{d x}-2 y=\cos x+3 \sin x$ is-


## ous mapping of compact metric space $X$ into a metric space $Y$ then:

## niformly continuous

ot continuous
; a jump at $x=\theta$
step function

1 solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}+2 \frac{d y}{d x}+y=e^{x} \cos x$ is-
$\left.+c_{2} x\right) e^{-x}+\frac{e^{x}}{25}(4 \sin x+3 \cos x)$
$\left.+c_{2} x\right) e^{-x}+\frac{e^{x}}{4}(4 \sin x+3 \cos x)$
$\left.+c_{2} x\right) e^{-x}+\frac{e^{x}}{9}(4 \sin x-3 \cos x)$
$\left.+c_{2} x+\sin x\right) e^{-x}$
on of the differential equation is $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-3 \frac{d y}{d x}+2 y=e^{3 x}$ is-
$=c_{1} e^{x}+c_{2} e^{-2 x}+\frac{1}{2} e^{3 \mathrm{x}}$
$=c_{1} e^{-x}+c_{2} e^{2 x}+\frac{1}{2} e^{-3 x}$

$=c_{1} e^{x}+c_{2} e^{-2 x}+\frac{1}{2} e^{-3 x}$
$=c_{1} e^{x}+c_{2} e^{2 x}+\frac{1}{2} e^{3 x}$
nit vector which is paralleled to the addition
:tors $\overrightarrow{r_{1}}=3 \vec{i}-2 \vec{j}$ and $\overrightarrow{r_{2}}=-4 \vec{i}+4 \vec{j}$
$(-i \overrightarrow{-}-2 \vec{j})$
$5\left(i \vec{i}+2 j^{\prime}\right)$
$5\left(-\mathrm{i}^{\overrightarrow{ }}+2 \mathrm{j}^{\vec{\prime}}\right)$
$\left(i^{-}-2 j^{+}\right)$
up of $\mathbf{1 1}$ cricketers. $\mathbf{4}$ can bat and 7 can bowl. In how many ways can a group $s$ be selected if the group has at least one batsman and bowler?
$(\vec{x}+\vec{a})=8$ and $\vec{a}$ is a unit vector, then $\vec{x}$ will have value of:

$f(x)=x \operatorname{Sin}(1 / x)$, if $x=0$ and $f(0)=1$ has discontinuity at $\qquad$ _.

## Ins can be repeated, then in how many ways a line can be made from six ' + '

 $r$ '-' signs?and $(-\sqrt{ } 3, \sqrt{ } 3)$ are vectors of:
zeles triangle
ateral triangle
near points
t angle triangle

6 and ${ }^{n} C_{r}=56$, then what is the value of $n$ and $r$ ?
, $\mathrm{r}=2$
, $r=3$
$4, r=4$
,r = 8
: Matrix $S=\left\{\left(\begin{array}{cc}2 a & 0 \\ 0 & 2 b\end{array}\right): a, b \in Z\right\}$ contains-
ors of zero without unity
ors of zero with unity
ivisors of zero with unity
visors of zero without unity

mn-zero vector of magnitude 'a' and $\lambda$ is ) scalar, then $\lambda \vec{a}$ is unit vector if -
$: \frac{1}{|\lambda|}$
$|\lambda|$
$=1$
: -1

2 then what is the value of $m$ ?
'
${ }^{25} \mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{r}+1}$, then what is the value of ${ }^{\mathrm{r}} \mathrm{C}_{5}$ ?
vals in which the function $f$ given by strictly increasing $f(x)=2 x x^{2}-3 x$ :
$\infty$
$\frac{3}{4}$
,$\infty$
, , $\frac{3}{4}$

near
ıed a equilateral triangle
led a Right angle triangle
Collinear

tors $\mathrm{pi}+2 \mathrm{j}$ and $3 \vec{i}-3 \mathrm{j}$ are aligned, then what is the value of p ?

1-vectors of point $A, B, C$ and $D$ are $3 \vec{i}-j \vec{j}, 2 \vec{i}+2 \vec{j},-2 \vec{i}-3 \vec{j},-4 \vec{i}+3 \vec{j}$, such that $A B \| C D$, then what is the ratio of their modulus?
jer of diagonals of a polygon whose number of sides is " n ".
!) $(n-5) / 3$
3)/2
1)/2
)(n-2)/3
$\times \mathbf{Z}_{2},+$, .) forms a ring of module 2 such that $(a, b)+(c, d)$
$+d)$ and $(a, b)(c, d)=(a . c, b . d)$ for $(a, b),(c, d) \in \mathbf{Z}_{2} \times \mathbf{Z}_{2}$ then-
a commutative ring with unity and it contains divisor of zero
a commutative ring with unity and it contains no divisor of zero
a commutative ring without unity and it contains no divisor of zero $\exists$ non commutative ring with unity and it contains divisor of zero

;ition-vectors of $A$ and $B$ are $8 \vec{i}+3 \mathrm{j}^{\vec{\prime}}$ and $2 \vec{i}-5 \mathrm{j}^{\vec{\prime}}$, mine the direction of $A B$ vector-
${ }^{1}(-3 / 5)$
${ }^{1}(3 / 5)$
(-5/3)
(5/3)
; a commutative ring with unity, then the polynomial ring $R|x|$ is-
า commutative ring without unity
nmutative ring with unity
$\qquad$
$:\} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ defined by $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\frac{x+1}{x+2}, \forall \mathrm{x} \in \mathbf{R}-\{-2\}$ is an example of -


#### Abstract

ınal Function um Function ulus Function nomial Function


## the following is TRUE?

sequence $\left\{n \cos ^{1 / n}\right\}$ has a convergent sequence
r sequence that has a convergent subsequence is a Cauchy sequence
sequence $\{\sin n\}$ has a convergent subsequence
y sequence that has a convergent sequence is a bounded sequence

Question ID : 97675512210
the following ring of matrix is not a field?
$\left.\left.\begin{array}{cc}a & b \\ -b & a\end{array}\right): \quad a, b \in R\right\}$
$\left.\left.\begin{array}{ll}x & b \\ b & a\end{array}\right): a, b \in \boldsymbol{Q}\right\}$

$\left.\left.\begin{array}{ll}x & b \\ b & a\end{array}\right): a, b \in \boldsymbol{R}\right\}$
$\left.\left.\begin{array}{cc}a & b \\ 2 b & a\end{array}\right): a, b \in \boldsymbol{Q}\right\}$

$\sum$ a convergent series of positive terms and let $\Sigma V_{n}$
;ent series of positive terms. Then
: sequence $\left\{V_{n}\right\}$ diverges to $\infty$
h the sequences $\left\{U_{n}\right\}$ and $\left\{V_{n}\right\}$ are convergent
: sequence $\left\{U_{n}\right\}$ is convergent and the sequence $\left\{V_{n}\right\}$ is divergent
: sequence $\left\{U_{n}\right\}$ converges to 0
te matrix $\mathrm{A}=\left(\begin{array}{ccc}40 & -29 & -11 \\ -18 & 30 & -12 \\ 26 & 24 & -50\end{array}\right)$ has a certain eigen value ch of the following must be eigen value of A ?

0
0
$\lambda$
$-\lambda$
al $\int_{0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Sin} \mathrm{xdx}-$
s and is equal to 0
s and is equal to 1
s and is equal to -1
; not exist
$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}+\frac{(-1)^{n}}{n^{3 / 2}}\right]$ is -

## latory


le a sequence of real number such that $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}$ exists, then
${ }_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathrm{U}_{2 \mathrm{n}}$ does not exist but $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathrm{U}_{2 \mathrm{n}+1}$ exists
$h \lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathrm{U}_{2 \mathrm{n}}$ and $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathrm{U}_{2 \mathrm{n}+1}$ do not exist
${ }_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathrm{U}_{2 \mathrm{n}}$ exists but $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathrm{U}_{2 \mathrm{n}+1}$ does not exist
$h \lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} U_{2 n}$ and $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} U_{2 n+1}$ exist
) be the set of all $2 \times 2$ matrices, then $\left(\mathrm{M}_{2}(\mathbf{R}),+,.\right)$ is -
nmutative ring without zero divisors
า commutative ring with zero divisors
nmutative ring with zero divisors

า commutative ring without zero divisors
$\operatorname{ral} \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{|\sin x|}{x} d x$
t convergent
solutely convergent
'ergent
nvergent but not absolutely
units in a ring R with unity forms $\qquad$ .
tegral domain
d
g with unity
up with respect to multiplication

or may not be bounded
t bounded
nvergent
unded
sidue classes $(\bmod m)$ is an integral domain if $m$ is:
e
:ural number
teger
ional number
ce $\left\{P+\frac{(-1)^{n} q}{n}\right\}$ is-
latory
gent
, unded
ided
nce $\left\{2+(-1)^{n}\right\}$ has-
tly one constant subsequence
tly two constant subsequence
כnstant subsequence
tly three constant subsequence
$\vdash$, .) is an integral domain if and only if:

$\mathrm{f} \lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n}\left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}+\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}+\cdots+\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right]$ is
following ring is an integral domain?
Z, +, .)
.)
,+ .)
r, .)
zero nx n real matrix with $\mathrm{n} \geq 2$. Which of the following statements is true?
$(\mathrm{M})=0 \Rightarrow \operatorname{rank}(\mathrm{M})=0$
$\mathrm{k}(\mathrm{M})=\mathrm{n} \Rightarrow \operatorname{det}(\mathrm{M}) \neq 1$
$k(M)=1 \Rightarrow \operatorname{det}(M) \neq 0$
$(M)=1 \Rightarrow \operatorname{rank}(M) \neq 0$

## Methodology

## following subject/s Mathematics is a part of?

jraphy
jraphy, Economics and Commerce
omics

: "Mathematics is the language in which God has written the universe"?
;hal Stone
bhatta
eo Galilei
and Russell
the following is not a problem-solving strategy in mathematics?
learning
'ing
and error
ng backwards

## the following statements is correct?

of two prime numbers is always a prime number
e is no even prime numbers
he smallest prime number
mposite number cannot be odd

## llowing invented the letter system?

- Bhatta-I
argupta
ımagupta
anta
hematics was coined by-
ayoreans
amasciour
abactus
anorean

earning is an alternative to
petitive models
hing models

oteaching
on plan


## bjectives have been divided into -

domains
domains
e domains
domains

## rue about lesson plan?

ves from haphazard teaching
developed by students
ps in orderly delivery to content
velops confidence in teacher

## following is not related to early number concept?

surement
sification
ervation
; inclusion
the following is not a mathematical process?
ırization
nation
surement
alization

is underlying team teaching is
igle teacher cannot control the class
jest teachers in schools are shared by more students.
hers are not competent
hers feel bore while marking alone
ibiting difficulty in sorting, recognising pattern, orienting numbers and shape, id measurement may have dyscalculia with difficulty in
al motor coordination
|uage processing
al motor skills
al memory

Piaget when the child is at formal operational stage, it is appropriate to
netry
handling
bers
) and proportion
matics teacher is one who -
urages convergent thinking
ıins helpful, insightful and explain things well
; only a lot of problems to practice with
ws the same method always
tics classroom emphasis is placed on
iematical content process and reasoning
ıematical content
iematical algorithm and process
lem solving strategies

t to ten
e to four
to Six
following is/ are not the principle of Curriculum-construction of mathematics?
ןrity of theory with practice
siple of unit
Ild not be child-centric
orinciple of preparation for life
following is /are true regarding the aims of teaching mathematics?
a good ability to solve problem
the ability to make decision
a good understanding of numbers and number system
1 and 3
and 3
1 and 2
2 and 3
istructional objectives are best described in terms of the terminal behaviour n the learners"?
it Samele
?rt Miller's
ert Wadra
»rt Mager


